Neutron Reflectometry



Environmental cells for neutron reflectometry have been designed to enable *in situ* electrochemical experiments. These experiments allow the characterization of amorphous, low Z layers that form during cell operation, e.g. SEI. Neutron reflectometry is a non-destructive technique based on the specular reflection of a neutron beam for the characterization of thin film structures and interfaces. Unlike xrays, neutrons are particularly useful for the characterization of low Z elements, e.g. H, Li, C, F, etc.



11 Managed by UT-Battelle for the Department of Energy

Gabriel Veith and Wyatt Tenhaeff

Neutron reflectometry



for the Department of Energy